Activity/ Situation	FULL OP	FULL OPENING OF SCHOOL DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC			9		
Location							
Persons at Risk	Pupils ⊠	Emp	oloyees⊠	Visitor	s 🛛	Contrac	tors 🛚
HAZARD(S)	X Contact Between Individuals Not Minimised and Social Distancing Measures Not Followed X Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising X Shared Resources X Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors X Site User Becoming Unwell X Site User Developing Symptoms Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE X Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus Inadequate Ventilation X Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic						
CONTROL ME	CONTROL MEASURES ADDITIONAL INFORMATION YES NO N/A					N/A	
	d and adapt this generic risk g and amending others whe						
Contact Between	Individuals Not Mi	nimised a	and Social	Distancing	Measure	es Not Fo	llowed
the risk of transmis	are in place which ression by limiting the rin contact with each ne group	number	Whole school bubble	ool is one	⊠		
in each group, and	a record of pupils an I any close contact the een children and staf	nat	Whole sch	ool is one	×		
groups that are the can be achieved, it will help to reduce could be asked to i	ay be able to impleme size of a full class. It is recommended, a the number of peoplesolate should some ill with coronavirus (If that is this le who one in	Whole sch	ool is one	×		
In the younger yea (key stage 3), school implement groups class. If that can be recommended, as number of people with the stage of the	this will help to redu who could be asked leone in group becor	a full ce the to	Whole scho bubble	ol is one	⊠		

	T		1	
In Secondary Schools, and certainly in the older age groups at key stage 4 and key stage 5, the groups are likely to need to be the size of a year group to enable schools to deliver the full range of curriculum subjects and students to receive specialist teaching. If this can be achieved with small groups, they are recommended	Whole school is one bubble			
Whatever the size of the group, they are kept apart from other groups and older children are encouraged to keep their distance within their groups	Whole school is one bubble	×		
Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction, and the sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible	Whole school is one bubble	×		
It is recognised that younger children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is acceptable for them not to distance within their group				×
Schools keep children in their class groups for the majority of the classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport	Whole school is one bubble. Minibus seating is based around social distancing	×		
Siblings may be in different groups	Whole school is one bubble	\boxtimes		
Teachers and other staff operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable	Whole school is one bubble	\boxtimes		
Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults	Corridors are too narrow to make this practical however contact time is limited	×		
Where possible adults maintain a 2 metre distance from each other, and from children	Classrooms have been set up with desks 2M apart Staff also advised to keep 2M distance between themselves and pupils	×		
Adults avoid close face to face contact and limit time spent within 1 metre of anyone	Staff have been advised of this	\boxtimes		
Within the classroom a distance between people is maintained so far as reasonably practical	Classrooms have been set up with desks 2M apart	×		
Pupils are seated side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on	Desks have been moved to reflect this where practical	×		
Staff will work side on to pupils as opposed to face to face whenever possible	Staff have been advised of this	×		
Educational and care support is provided as normal to pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care		⊠		

Schools, local authorities, health professionals, regional schools commissioners and other services work together to ensure that children with medical conditions are fully supported, including through the use of individual healthcare plans, so that they may receive an education in line with their peers				×
Unnecessary furniture has been moved out of classrooms to make more space	Essential furniture only is left in all rooms	⊠		
Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship with more than one group do not take place	Assemblies are in individual form rooms	⊠		
The timetable and selection of classroom or other learning environment has been used to reduce movement around the school or building	This has been implemented for form time, break and lunch however the whole school is one bubble	⊠		
Consideration given to staggered starts or adjusting start and finish times to keep groups apart as they arrive and leave school	Whole school is one bubble	⊠		
Parents' drop-off and pick-up protocols planned to minimise adult to adult contact				\boxtimes
Parents and pupils are told their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use)	Parents rarely escort pupils to school			×
It is made clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors, or enter the site (unless they have a pre-arranged appointment, which should be conducted safely)	Parents have been made aware of this	×		
External entrances to classrooms are used where practical				\boxtimes
Break times are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time	Breaks are taken in form groups			
Lunch breaks are staggered	Lunch is taken in form groups	\boxtimes		
Numbers of staff using Staff Room are limited or the use of Staff Room is staggered to ensure that staff maintain 2 metres distance from each other				×
Staff meetings take place remotely where possible. Where this is not possible staff meetings take place in a large well ventilated room ensuring 2 metres social distancing at all times	Seating is arranged 2 metres apart	⊠		
School can resume non-overnight domestic educational visits	Providers are COVID aware	\boxtimes		
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Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School					
Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible	Most pupils do walk Pupils in taxis have to wear a mask	\boxtimes			
Schools, parents and pupils following the government guidance on how to travel safely, when planning their travel on public transport	safer travel guidance for passengers	×			
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising					
A cleaning schedule that ensures cleaning is generally enhanced and includes more frequent cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups is in place	All rooms have appropriate cleansing products that staff use to clean surfaces etc. after every lesson Cleaning staff thoroughly clean each room daily	×			
Surfaces that pupils are touching, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters etc. are cleaned more often than normal	Surfaces are cleaned after each lesson	×			
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use	Cleansing staff do this twice a day				
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day	Such a small volume deemed less disruptive and safer to allow the cleaning staff to empty at the end of each day	lacktriangle			
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary	Caretaker takes inventory				
Consideration given to how play equipment is used ensuring it is appropriately cleaned between groups of children using it	Classroom equipment cleansed by teaching staff where necessary	×			
Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned	There is no outdoor play equipment			\boxtimes	
Shared Resources					
For individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own items that are not shared	Pupils have their own equipment	×			
Classroom based resources, such as books and games, can be used and shared within the bubble; these are cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces	Classroom equipment cleansed by teaching staff where necessary	⊠			
Resources that are shared between classes or bubbles, such as sports, art and science	Whole school one bubble				

equipment should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles				
Pupils can bring essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery, bags and mobile phones (depending on school policy) in to school	All personal belongings are handed in	×		
Pupils and teachers can take books and other shared resources home, although unnecessary sharing should be avoided, especially where this does not contribute to pupil education and development. Rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the resources and rotation apply to these resources	No resources are taken home	×		
Devices/ laptops/tablets etc. that are brought from home to school and back again are cleaned at the start and end of the day	Staff are responsible for cleaning their own devices	×		
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and F	amilies, Visitors and C	ontracto	rs	
Contact with individuals who are unwell is minimised by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend school	Ensuring that pupils, staff and other adults do not come into the school if they have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or have tested positive in the last 10 days, and ensuring anyone developing those symptoms during the school day is sent home, are essential actions to reduce the risk in schools and further drive down transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)			
The school recognises that if they have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak and must continue to work with their local health protection team who will be able to advise if additional action is required		×		
Those pupils whose doctors have confirmed they are still Clinically Extremely Vulnerable are not to attend education whilst the national restrictions are in place.	Advice for those identified through a letter from the NHS or a specialist doctor as in the group	×		

Schools will need to make appropriate arrangements to enable them to continue their education at home.	deemed clinically extremely vulnerable		
Staff who are Clinically Extremely Vulnerable MUST NOT attend the workplace during the period of national restrictions	Individuals in this group have been identified through a letter from the NHS or their GP. Staff should be supported to be able to continue working from their home where possible Clinically Extremely Vulnerable	×	
Staff and pupils who are Clinically Vulnerable or have underlying health conditions but are not clinically extremely vulnerable, may continue to attend school in line with current guidance.	See Section 9 of New-national- restrictions-from-5- november	×	
Staff who are in the clinically vulnerable group can work in school, taking particular care to observe good hand and respiratory hygiene, minimising contact and maintaining social distancing. (The only exception to this may be in some very high alert areas, where the government issue NEW notifications to shield to those most vulnerable individuals)	Adults should maintain 2 metre distance from others, and where this is not possible avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of others. While the risk of transmission between young children and adults is likely to be low, adults should continue to take care to socially distance from other adults including older children/adolescents An Individual Risk Assessment will be needed. Advice sought on a case by case basis. Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review		
People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can and do attend the workplace	An Individual Risk Assessment may be needed. Advice sought on a case by case basis. Individual Risk Assessments will	⊠	

			I	
	need to be subject to regular review			
Pregnant women are in the 'clinically vulnerable' category	School must complete the New and Expectant Mothers risk assessment as well as the Covid Individual risk assessment. Both the New and Expectant Mothers and the Individual Risk Assessment must be reviewed prior to 28 weeks when risk factors increase. Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review RCOG Q&A -covid-19-virus-infection-and-pregnancy	×		
Where it is necessary to use supply staff and peripatetic teachers, those individuals will be expected to comply with the school's arrangements for managing and minimising risk, including taking particular care to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff	To minimise the numbers of temporary staff entering the school premises, and secure best value, schools may wish to use longer assignments with supply teachers and agree a minimum number of hours across the academic year			
Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND provide interventions as usual		\boxtimes		
Volunteers may be used to support the work of the school, as would usually be the case	Volunteers are given the same induction as members off staff including Covid-19 training	×		
Access to PPE should be available where there is contact with diagnosed or suspected person with covid-19	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment			
Site User Becoming Unwell				
If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal	stay at home: quidance for households with	⊠		

sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow the guidance which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms	possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection If they have tested positive whilst not experiencing symptoms but develop symptoms during the isolation period, they should restart the 10-day isolation period from the day they develop symptoms		
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the Pupils and with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation.	A room has been set aside for this purpose	×	
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else	A separate toilet will be used then marked as not in use	×	
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young pupil or a pupil with complex needs)	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment	×	
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	×	
Any member of staff who has provided close contact care to someone with symptoms, even while wearing PPE, and all other members of staff or pupils who have been in close contact with that person with symptoms, even if wearing a face covering, do not need to go home to self-isolate unless: • the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive • they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange to have a test) • they are requested to do so by NHS Test and Trace or the PHE advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated)			
Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or	All staff are aware of this	\boxtimes	

use hand sanitiser after any contact with			
someone who is unwell The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned with normal household disinfectant after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people	COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance	⊠	
Site User Developing Symptoms			
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit	The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed	⊠	
School have received an initial supply of 10 home test kits and information about how to order to replenish this supply when they are running out	School should call the Test and Trace helpdesk on 119 if these have not arrived.	⊠	
School determines how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils.	The test kits sent to schools are provided to be used in the exceptional circumstance that an individual becomes symptomatic and schools believe they may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere. These kits can be given directly to staff or parents and carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school. In particular, these tests kits will also help ensure that symptomatic staff can also get a test and if they test negative, can return to work as soon as they no longer have symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-		

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	19). Further information is provided in our guidance Coronavirus (COVID-19): test kits for schools and FE providers.			
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test & Trace		×		
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to self-isolate if they have been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19)	Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms	⊠		
Parents and staff are asked to inform the school immediately of the results of a test	Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others	⊠		
If someone with symptoms tests negative for coronavirus (COVID-19), then they need should stay at home until they are recovered as usual from their illness but can safely return thereafter. The only exception to return following a negative test result is where an individual is separately identified as a close contact of a confirmed case, when they will need to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of that contact	Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation	×		
Someone who is self-isolating because they have been in close contact with someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) starts to feel unwell and gets a test for coronavirus themselves, and the test delivers a negative result, they must remain in isolation for the remainder of the 14-day isolation period	This is because they could still develop coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days	×		
If someone with symptoms tests positive, they should follow the 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection' and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have	This happens for both staff and pupils	×		

symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when they first became ill. If they still have a high temperature, they should continue to self-isolate until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should all self-isolate for the full 14 days			
Schools send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 14 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious	Close contact means: - direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) - proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual - travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person		
School must take swift action when they become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus and must contact the dedicated advice service introduced by Public Health England (PHE) and delivered by the NHS Business Services Authority	This can be reached by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice		
Public Health England has good evidence that routinely taking the temperature of pupils by the school is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19) so this does not take place	Currently this is taking place	×	

Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene	,			
Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating	Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands regularly, as frequently as pupils	×		
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds	Pupils are asked to wash hands upon entry and before meals	×		
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly	We have adequate hand washing facilities	×		
Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion.	Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative	⊠		
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	Germs spread easily. Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze. BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues. Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible. KILL IT Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.	×		
Disposable tissues are available in each room	NHS	$oxed{\boxtimes}$	П	П
for both staff and pupil use Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are	Emptied daily			
available in each room Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them	Risk assessments have been updated as necessary	<u>⊠</u>		
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE				
Face coverings are currently not in use by pupils in Primary schools as the risks are considered to be lower as pupils and staff are mixing in consistent groups, and because misuse may inadvertently increase the risk of	Staff and pupils are advised of this however a free to wear them if they wish	×		

transmission. There may also be negative effects on communication and thus education			
In schools that are in areas where the COVID Alert Level is high or very high, or during periods of National Restrictions, adults (staff, visitors and contractors) in Primary Schools DO wear face coverings in areas outside of the classroom at the discretion of the Head Teacher	Currently staff are not wearing masks at the Head Teachers discretion	×	
In schools where pupils in year 7 and above are educated, face coverings must be worn by adults and pupils when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas where social distancing cannot easily be maintained	Facemasks are not currently being worn by staff as this would impede non-verbal communication, this is in line with current government guidance		×
In the event of new local restrictions being agreed, schools will ensure they communicate quickly and clearly to staff, parents and pupils that the new arrangements require the use of face coverings in certain circumstances		×	
It is not necessary to wear face coverings in the classroom, where protective measures already mean the risks are lower, and where they could inhibit learning		×	
In such circumstances as face coverings are to be worn in school they must be worn correctly	https://www.gov.uk/g overnment/publicatio ns/face-coverings-in- education/face- coverings-in- education	×	
Clear instructions are provided to staff and pupils on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission	All staff trained	×	
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use	All staff trained	×	
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced	All staff trained	\boxtimes	
Where anybody is struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, the school has taken steps to have a small contingency supply available to meet such needs	Stock available	×	
School has a procedure for removing face coverings when those who use them arrive at school, and when to wear face coverings at school in certain circumstances	This procedure should be communicated clearly to pupils and staff	×	

PPE will need to be worn by a member of staff if a pupil becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the pupil is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn	safe working in education, childcare and children's social care	⊠		
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavir	us			
All visits to the school are restricted to those that are absolutely necessary	Essential work only	\boxtimes		
Parent and carer visits are suspended for:	Essential admission meeting are to continue with all present to wear PPE		×	
All visitors and contractors must make pre- arranged appointments or they will not be allowed on site				
School ensures site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival				
Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they are arranged as such		\boxtimes		
Contractors to attend by agreement only after school have satisfied themselves that it is necessary for the visit to take place at that time and that all required controls are in place to allow the work to continue safely		×		
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention	Times of visits may need to be adapted to take in to account the ability to maintain appropriate social distancing measures and availability of resources to effectively clean following the visits	×		
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	These programmes are essential for children's health and wellbeing	×		
A record is kept of all visitors with sufficient detail to support rapid contact tracing if required by NHS Test and Trace.		×		
Out-of-school activities (including wraparound care) may continue to operate if their primary	See Out-of-school activities and	×		

purpose is providing registered childcare, or where they are offering other childcare activities, where this is reasonably necessary to enable parents to: • work or search for work • undertake training or education	wraparound childcare section of Guidance for education-and- childcare-settings- new-national- restrictions-from-5- november-2020		
All other out of school activities, including lettings, not being primarily used by parents for the above purposes, should close for faceto-face provision for the duration of the national restrictions			×
In out-of-school settings, face coverings should be used where it is a requirement of the indoor setting or staff are likely to come into contact with other members of the public (complying with relevant coronavirus (COVID-19) sector guidance)	See Out-of-school activities and wraparound childcare section of Guidance for education-and-childcare-settings-new-national-restrictions-from-5-november-2020	⊠	
Inadequate Ventilation			
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	Windows opened by GMox	×	
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air	Windows opened by GMox	\boxtimes	
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open	Windows opened by GMox		
Keep toilet ventilation in operation as much as possible while building is occupied		×	
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal	Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice.		\boxtimes
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air	Fire doors must not be propped open unless they have a self-closing hold open device fitted	×	

In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open	natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space) Windows opened by GMox		
Consideration given to opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts		⊠	
Consideration given to only opening every other window instead of all windows when the heating is activated		\boxtimes	
The school offers flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing	For more information see School uniform	×	
Furniture rearranged where possible to avoid direct drafts			
Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces		\boxtimes	
When heating is activated and windows are on trickle vent, consideration is given to employing desk fans to move any stagnant pockets of air	Desk fans are pointed away from people and pointed at walls etc.		×
If school needs to use additional heaters they only use sealed, oil filled electric heaters	Electric fan heaters used sparingly due to increased fire and electrical risk		×
Arrangements for Boarding Schools During	Pandemic		
Where pupils travel from abroad to attend boarding schools, the school needs to plan for their collection and transfer from their point of arrival	Schools need to have plans in place for the collection and transfer of these pupils to school, which need to be explained to pupils and their parents before they travel. Advice to help schools, pupils and parents is provided in residential settings with international students quidance and in how to selfisolate when traveling to the UK guidance		
Where they have travelled from, or have stopped at, a country or territory that is not on	Where suitable, pupils can self-		\boxtimes

to self-isolate fo	ors list, pupils will be required or 14 days from the day they	isolate a	g school					
travel to the UK	empt country or territory to							
	can be in one group				_		1	□
residentially and	d another during the school day							\boxtimes
	at boarding pupils will mix							\boxtimes
during sociable								
	arding school shows							
	should initially self-isolate in setting household. Most	guidance on						
	nefit from self-isolating in their	isolation for			П			\boxtimes
	so that their usual support can	residential			_			
	s will benefit more from self-	educational settings.		ngs.				
isolating in their	family home							
Have you consulted with the people/representatives undertaking the					Yes [XI	N	No 🗆
i i	of the preparation of this risk as							
	el of risk for this activity/situation	n with exis	ting contr		ligh	Me		Low
measures	measures							Ш
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing control measures				Yes ⊠		N	10 🗆	
_	fied any further control measure orded them in the action plan	es needed	to contro	ol ,	Yes □		No □	
ACTION PI	_AN (insert additional rows if requi	red)		To be	action	ned by	,	
AOTION	Further control measures to reduce risks so far as is			10 50	action	ica by	/	
	ol measures to reduce risks so far	•	Na		action		, Date	<u> </u>
		•	Na		action		_	
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	ol measures to reduce risks so far	•	Na		action		_	•
	ol measures to reduce risks so far	•	Na		action		_	,
	ol measures to reduce risks so far	•	Na				_	B
Further contr	ol measures to reduce risks so far	as is		ame		1	Date	
State overall ris	rol measures to reduce risks so far reasonably practicable	as is	ementatio	ame	ligh	Me	Date	Low
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Risk rating	Action
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor
LOW	Monitor control measures

POTENTIAL OUTCOME		LIKELIHOOD		Catastrophic	
Catastrophic	Fatal injury/permanent disability	Highly likely	More likely to occur	Major	
Major	RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/ Disease/Dangerous Occurrence	Likely		5050-500 2	
Moderate	RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury	Possible		Moderate	
Minor	Minor injury (requiring first aid)	Unlikely		Minor	
Insignificant	Minor injury	Remote	Less likely to occur	Insignificant	